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Table Table 1	National Intelligen	ce Council Memorandum
	Peru: Prospects Advanced Weap	
	Points the purchase of several aircraft, 2S6 Tunguska out in January 1995:	Peru has been pursuing advanced weapon systems—MiG-29 fighter air defense systems with SA-19 missiles,
	Acquisition of MiG- balance of power in t	29 aircraft or SA-19s would disturb the military he region, spark protests by neighboring states, matic efforts to resolve the border dispute with
	Test William Committee	
	Lima will acquire MiG-	y analysts believe that the odds are 2 in 3 that -29 aircraft within the next year. Analysts assess being delivered within the next year as less in 3).
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		APPROVED FOR RELEASE DATE: FEB 2004

Peru: Prospects for Acquiring Advanced Weapon Systems Peru is looking to acquire MiU-29 combat aircraft and 286 Tunguska air defense systems with SA-19 missiles as well as standard weapons and equipment, SA-16 in portable antiaircraft missiles, and air defense radar. In addition, Peru discussing the acquisition of Scud C missiles with North Korea.	
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Fujimori's perception of Peru's defense requirements.	;
Peru's ability to finance major arms purchases.	
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	Fujimori's sensitivity to US, regional, and international reactions to Peru's acquisition of advanced weapon systems—and the potential this would have to undercut other administration priorities, such as economic development and APEC membership. Scenario 1: Peru Acquires MiG-29 Aircraft—and Possibly SA-19s—But No Scuds
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Peru Can Afford To Modernize	Deficiencies in Peru's inventory of major weapon systems—aging equipment and outdated technology—were major factors in the military's relatively poor performance in the 1995 border conflict with Ecuador. Significantly improving these capabilities would entail major financial outlays that we assess Peru can absorb. Peru's defense budget has increased from about \$550 million to \$1 billion in the last three years, and operations and maintenance costs have declined as a result of diminished counterinsurgency requirements. We estimate that over the next few years Peru could spend several hundred million dollars on major arms purchases without undercutting the administration's economic goals and objectives.
	Moreover, the Air Force badly needs new fighter aircraft to modernize its rapidly aging fleet.
	In this scenario, Fujimori is unlikely to approve the acquisition of Scuds because he apparently recognizes the serious international and regional repercussions that would result. The Missile Technology Control Regime (MTCR) Annex classifies Scuds as Category I missiles that are capable of carrying weapons of mass destruction because they can deliver payloads of at least 500 kilograms to ranges of at least 300 kilometers. Peru would face severe trade sanctions under US law if it acquires Scuds. Several Latin American countries, including Argentina

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	and Brazil who are members of MTCR, would consider Peru's acquisition of Scuds highly destabilizing to the hemisphere. The Peruvians, however, may not understand that even "conspiring" to acquire Scuds would raise the issue of sanctions under US law. Scenario 2: Peru Acquires Scud C Missiles
Lager Supplier	A key factor motivating Peru to acquire Scuds would be the desire to intimidate Ecuador and deter it from further aggression along the border. In addition, the North Koreans have aggressively marketed Scuds; they are much cheaper than aircraft, and Peruvian officials involved in the discussions stand to profit personally from the transactions.
	Since Scuds are relatively inexpensive—albeit imprecise—their acquisition probably would not preclude plans to purchase other advanced systems—particularly the MiG-29. Under this scenario, however, one would have to assume that the Peruvians do not realize that acquiring Scuds would constitute an act that would result in severe US trade sanctions.
	Scenario 3: No Advanced Weapons Are Acquired
Acquisition F	The possibility that Peru will take delivery of no advanced weapon system over the next year is the least likely of the three scenarios. Peru probably can afford to buy one or more advanced weapon systems, but rujimori is under pressure to delay or avoid some acquisitions because they would entail major financial outlays. Increased defense spending would hurt the administration's ability to pursue other priorities such as economic growth, poverty alleviation, and the need to comply with strict MF fiscal targets.
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Assessing the Probabilities

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by an advanced	th the possibility that he Paris Club talks the weapons acquisition ship, which hinge in	at start in July w n. as well as its b	ould be jeopardize	ed.
tractual obligati	MiG-29 aircraft or ia, the arms brokers, ons. Moreover, Peru iate for major arms p	or suppliers faile	ed to meet their con	n-
nter into discus seep the pressur	ay be engaged only in nori may have given sions with the North e on Quito as rumon not actually purchas ignites.	Senior officials t Koreans, thinki	he go-ahead to ng this would help	
ess than 1 in 3 th	nmunity analysts ass aircraft within the ne hat Peru will delay the or that Lima is enga craft:	xt year. We estin	nate the chances as	l s
Fujimori may a tional criticism aircraft.	lso calculate that he if he limits his purch	can weather anti ases of advanced	cipated interna- I weapons to MiG	
alysts assess th ar as less likely	te chances of SA-19s (no more than 1 in 3	being delivered	within the next	

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	Prospects for Peru acquiring Scuds are rated as low (1 in 10), primarily because of the severe regional and international repercussions that would result from such an acquisition:
9	Analysts are confident, however, that senior Peruvian officials are engaged in ongoing discussions or contingency planning to acquire Scuds, pending a final decision by President Fujimori.

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International Pressure Could Be Key	What Would Dissuade Peru? (U) Lima would come under significant pressure not to acquire such weapons if: Paris Club creditors and IMF officials expressed concern that such acquisitions would have an adverse impact on ongoing financial negotiations. Members of the Asian-Pacific Economic Council (APEC) indicated that such acquisitions would undercut Peru's bid for membership. The United States warned Peru that it would face severe sanctions under US law if it acquired—or even "conspired" to acquire—the Scud missile system.
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Other members of the nonproliferation community made their

concerns known to Peru.

- Selected Latin American countries, the Rio Treaty guarantors, and Japan protested that such acquisitions would upset the regional military balance of power and undermine negotiations to resolve Peru's border dispute with Ecuador.
- The new Ecuadorian Government said Quito would not upset the regional balance of power by seeking advanced fighter aircraft if Lima did not acquire such systems, and a credible mechanism is proposed to verify such commitments.

What Would Dissuade the Suppliers?

It would take major political and economic inducements to dissuade North Korea from selling Scuds to Peru. Russia will maintain its intensive efforts to sell arms—not only to Peru but to other countries in Latin America and the world as a whole. Pressure on Russia to desist will not work, particularly since Russia's sales to Peru are not prohibited by any international agreements. Belarus almost certainly will follow Russia's lead, except in the unlikely event that a change in leadership occurred in that country and the new leaders decided to emphasize developing their relations with the West.

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